FAU archivists restore vintage children's records damaged in Superstorm Sandy

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A pile of stained, mildewed debris from Superstorm Sandy has turned into a nostalgic treasure trove for Florida Atlantic University. A collection of 786 vintage children's records including "The Little Engine That Could" and "Black Beauty" were inside a Long Island garage when the hurricane-like disaster struck last October. The recordings, mostly 78 rps, appeared to be ruined due to dirt and mud on the records and stains on their jackets.

But FAU has found a way to bring the stories and music back to life. The Recorded Sound Archives at the Wimberly Library on the university's Boca Raton campus has embarked on a project to clean and repair the damaged records and digitize and transfer their contents to an online collection. It's an effort that requires both modern computer software and old-fashioned elbow grease.

"We are excited to be working with such rare and wonderful artifacts.

See RECORDS, 12A

Hear for yourself
To listen to some of these classic children's records, go to SunSentinel.com/oldrecords

Nearly 800 classic children's records were damaged in New York after flooding from Superstorm Sandy last October.
from the 20th Century," said Maxine Schackman, director of the sound archives. "I can't wait to see the reaction when we are able to share our work online.

The website likely will be created in November, Schackman said. Researchers, students and others who are interested will be able to access the digital versions of the recordings via FAU computers or a special password, restrictions that are necessary due to copyright.

The collection is full of literary and pop culture classics, including "Bozo Sings," "Peter Rabbit" and "Mary Poppins." While most combine stories and songs, some are music only, like "American Folk Songs" and "Alphabet Songs." There's a full array of Christmas-themed records as well as plenty of educational ones. A 1947 record called "Little Songs on Big Subjects" includes a gentle call for racial equality.

"You can get good milk from a brown-skinned cow. The color of the skin doesn't matter nohow," the song goes.

The record collection was donated in April by Peter Muldavin, whom FAU officials call the world's leading expert on vintage American children's records. Muldavin, who was out of the country and couldn't be reached by the Sun Sentinel for comment, says on his website he's been a lifelong collector but started accumulating kiddie records only in 1989 after seeing one in a used record store and remembering it from his childhood.

He then took out "want to buy" ads in antique newspapers and flea market magazines and was swamped with responses. "People had these records sitting in their attics and basements but didn't know what to do with them," Muldavin writes on his website. "There was no established hobby yet!"

Due to mold and mildew damage, the library is discarding many of the story books and paper doll cutouts that accompanied the records affected by Sandy, but photographs of the printed matter are being taken and will be digitally restored using Adobe Photoshop.

Almost all of the records are salvageable, Schackman said. Some are warped, and many are encrusted with mud and must be washed by hand. To help with the restoration, the archives department has bought a vinyl record flattener, a device that slowly heats the recording between heavy metal plates. The department also has software that can reduce background noise from old vinyls.

The sound archive started in the 1980s as a Judica Collection of vintage works by Jewish artists, but in 2009 expanded into a diverse collection, including jazz and children's recordings, after the donation of 60,000 records from the family of the late Jack Saul, a Cleveland collector. That collection included 556 children's recordings, all in good condition.

Archives technician Ben Roth contacted Muldavin, author of the book "The Complete Guide to Vintage Children's Records," last year, months before Sandy formed, for advice on finding some specific titles for FAU's collection.

When a tidal surge from the superstorm brought 20 inches of sea water into a family garage at Long Beach on Long Island, hundreds of recordings stored there lost practically all their value in the collector's market. So Muldavin asked FAU if the archives department wanted them.

The Boca Raton-based archivists were thrilled. The collection represents a period in American culture, mostly the 1940s and 1950s, when the vinyl replaced the hard shellac material that had been used for records, Schackman said. Vinyl was more kid-friendly since it was less prone to breakage.

The works also represent a period before many families had television sets, and when children's records were a popular form of entertainment.

"It's a certain time in history that won't ever be repeated," Schackman said. "This was the age of innocence. Times were simpler then, more naive."

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